Fully Open Source LKB

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The LKB dates from around 1991

Has run in several Common Lisps: Procyon CL, Macintosh CL, CLISP, CMUCL, Allegro CL, SBCL, Clozure CL ACQUILEX LDB/LKB DEMO

Cambridge University, 1992

ACQUILEX is an ESPRIT BRA collaborative project involving the Universities of Amsterdam, Barcelona, Cambridge, Dublin and Pisa, and Cambridge University Press

First ported to SBCL by Ben Waldron 2003–6 (while enhancing lexical processing)

But:

- most recent development has been in Allegro CL on Linux
- there has never been an open source version of LKB with native graphics

Goals for this new version:

- usability
- efficiency
- multilingual support
- fully open source (i.e. supporting libraries are open source)
- running on macOS, and eventually other platforms

A macOS binary released last week – see http://moin.delph-in.net/LkbMacintosh

Deep Linguistic Processing with HPSG (DELPH-IN) Search Titles Text **LkbMacintosh** Wiki RecentChanges Running the LKB on MacOS FindPage HelpContents LkbMacintosh Currently (August 2017) there is a new, native version of the LKB for macOS, which looks and behaves similarly to the long-established version developed in Allegro CL. At present, the code is Page very fluid, so the changes to the LKB source code required for this version have not yet been Immutable Page committed to the central code repository. Until that happens, you can download a binary for Info macOS, • lkb macos.tgz. See the following sections for installation and usage instructions. More Actions: An alternative approach is to run a Linux or Windows version of the LKB in a virtual machine. You can install Windows on the Mac using • Parallels Desktop. This will let you run a virtual Windows User machine in a window on your running macOS system. Then you can install the Windows binary of Login LKB into Parallels. This seems to work well. One caveat is that the virtual Windows machine will want to allocate its own chunk of memory when it is started, in order to emulate physical memory for Windows. You can control how much memory you want it to take: note that you will need substantially more physical memory than you allocate to the virtual machine. LKB MacOS Version The macOS version of the LKB uses X Windows graphics, which requires XQuartz. If you don't already have this application, download it from <a>https://www.xguartz.org and install it. Then follow the 'Manual Installation' instructions on the LkbInstallation page. The file 1kb_macos.tgz contains an LKB precompiled binary, 1kb.command. You can run this binary by typing its name in the Terminal application or in an xterm hosted by XQuartz. Alternatively, you can just double-click it.





'Hike' corpus subset (287 sentences), ERG 10342, Intel Xeon X5460 3.16Ghz, packing, exhaustive unpacking – figures from Slayden (2012) Ch 5

	t _{min} (sec.)	t _{max} (sec.)	t _{total} (m:ss)
PET	0.007	8.4	1:47
agree	0.008	7.7	3:04

Similar 287-sentence 'Hike' corpus subset, ERG 1214, Intel Core i5-2400S 2.5GHz, packing, exhaustive unpacking

	t _{min} (sec.)	t _{max} (sec.)	t _{total} (m:ss)
ACE			1:35
LKB Clozure CL	0.018	17.7	5:43
LKB _{SBCL}	0.009	13.9	3:39

Planned future development:

- multilingual input (keyboard layouts, input methods)
- more flexible font handling
- mouse click/select in editable text fields
- macOS Aqua appearance (via new McCLIM 'Beagle' back-end)
- improved robustness against unanticipated errors
- versions for Linux and Windows

Any other requests?